

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXIII

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1916.

NO. 7

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

At the close of the talk of W. L. Harraden last Monday evening in the city hall, the board of trustees held its regular meeting.

A petition was received from A. Baradat, owner of a lot at the southwest corner of Grand and Cypress avenues, asking that he be permitted to erect a fireproof corrugated iron building at the rear end of the lot, to be used for laundry purposes by Louis Lachere, to whom he had rented, providing the city gave permission.

The permission was granted.

A petition was received from the Pacific Gas and Electric Company asking permission to set poles along Commercial avenue.

Referred to City Engineer Kneese.

Bids to improve Walnut avenue, between Grand and Miller avenues, by grading and constructing concrete curbs and artificial stone sidewalks, were opened with the following result: Colma Contracting Company, \$2976.34; A. Mattson, \$2786.22; D. Palany and E. Cerrenni, \$3041.80; Western Sand and Rock Company, \$2551.42; D. O. Church Company, \$2999.98.

A resolution was adopted awarding the contract to the Western Sand and Rock Company.

Ordinance No. 86, providing for two municipal election precincts, was adopted.

A resolution was adopted providing for a notice of election to vote upon the annexation of outlying territory adjoining this city. The advertisement is published elsewhere in this issue of The Enterprise.

Monthly reports of city officials were presented, as follows: City Clerk Smith—General fund, January 1, 1916, balance brought forward, \$4083.42; received from liquor licenses, \$2262.50; special liquor licenses, \$7.50; sewer connection, \$4; recorder's court, \$30; peddlers' licenses, \$55; city taxes, \$10.62; carpenters' union, \$5; redemption of city taxes, \$3.67; interest, Bank of South San Francisco, \$16.75; error warrant, \$20.01; total, \$2415.05. Grand total, \$6498.47. Expenditures as per warrants drawn, \$602.72. Balance, \$5895.75.

Sewer fund—January 1, 1916, balance forward, \$1766.74. No receipts. No expenditures.

Library building fund—January 1, 1916, balance forward, \$1314.50. No receipts. No disbursements.

Sinking fund—January 1, 1916, balance forward, \$4356.62; receipts, \$7.01. Total, \$4363.63.

Storm sewer No. 1 fund—January 1, 1916, balance forward, \$295.34. No receipts. No expenditures.

Library fund—January 1, 1916, bal-

FREIGHT RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS TO AND FROM THIS CITY

The receipts of freight on the Southern Pacific railroad in this city for the month of January, 1916, were 35,351,586 pounds; shipments from this city for January, 17,272,726 pounds.

FAREWELL SURPRISE PARTY.

A large crowd of young people attended a farewell surprise party to Miss Elaine Mehan at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Mehan, on Baden avenue Thursday evening. Games and music furnished abundance of pleasure that was enjoyed by all.

A luncheon was served. The decorations were beautiful and of taste.

The following friends and guests attended: Misses Fern Kiessling, Florence Robinson, Alice Stearns, Florence I. Brawn, Emma Johnson, Elsie Chadwick, Emma Welte, Neita Brown, Maude Delemos; Messrs. Ralph Woodman, Alex Welte Jr., Newell Stearns, A. C. Johnson, Earl B. Hughes, R. L. Corley, Arthur Mathieson, G. Barstrom, E. Mehan, Lesley Colburn, chaperoned by the Rev. Leslie C. Kelley, Mrs. Paul Ayers, Mrs. Stearns and Mrs. R. Hagedorn.

Mr. and Mrs. Mehan and family will leave South San Francisco and in the near future will reside in San Jose.

ance forward, \$807.62; city taxes, \$1.48. Total, \$809.10. Expenditures, \$48. Balance, \$761.10.

Grand avenue extension fund—January 1, 1916, balance forward, \$2598.69; city taxes, \$3.18. Total, \$2601.87. Expenditures, \$1256.03. Balance, \$1345.84. The treasurer's report same as clerk's. On deposit in the Bank of South San Francisco, \$14,292.88.

Recorder Rehberg reported he had five misdemeanor cases during January and had collected in fines \$75.

BARGAIN SALE OF PIPES CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO

John Marley, at 207 Grand avenue, is selling out his line of pipes, cigars and tobacco, which must be disposed of not later than February 24th. Call and see the splendid bargains you can obtain. Pipes, 20 per cent lower than usual and material reductions on cigars, cigarettes and tobacco. Mr. Marley has sold his pool and billiard business and now is your time to take advantage of this splendid opportunity.

Don't forget. These bargains can only be had until February 24th. Investigate, and then users of these articles will surely buy. Advt.

Miss A. Vandenbos, graduate of the Conservatory of Music in Brussels, will give music lessons on the piano and harp at Linden Hotel. Lessons \$1. Advt.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Mrs. H. G. Plymire of Oakland was a visitor here this week.

Dr. F. S. Dolley has purchased a six-cylinder Locomobile auto.

Lillie Muller of San Francisco, formerly of this city, was a visitor here on Wednesday.

Mrs. Jennie Golding of San Francisco was visiting friends in this city during the week.

The benefit dance given by South City Aerie, No. 1473, F. O. E., last Saturday evening in Metropolitan Hall was a grand success, both socially and financially.

George E. Erhart of San Francisco was arrested by Marshal Kneese last Monday and brought before Recorder Rehberg and fined \$10.

There will be a benefit dance under the auspices of the young folks of All Souls' Church in Metropolitan Hall on Saturday evening, February 26th. Good music. Dancing at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

The third annual St. Patrick's dance in Metropolitan Hall on Friday evening, March 17th, will be given by Court Violet, No. 1453, I. O. F. Good union music. Admission, gents 50 cents, ladies complimentary.

Mr. and Mrs. Barstow of this city left on Tuesday, February 8th, for Honolulu. Mr. Barstow was chief operator at the Federal wireless station in this city and will take charge of the station at Honolulu.

Let all attend the second annual grand ball given by Hose Company, No. 2, Saturday evening, March 4, 1916, at Metropolitan Hall. Union music. Admission 50 cents, ladies complimentary. Get out and show that you think something of the fire boys.

Mrs. Frank L. Noriega was elected delegate to the state convention of the Iroquois, which will be held February 22d at Knights of Columbus Hall, San Francisco. As delegates to the national convention, Mrs. Noriega will present the names of Senator James D. Phelan, Congressmen Denver S. Church, John E. Raker and William Kettner. In the evening the visiting delegates will be entertained at a banquet.

"A STRENUOUS LIFE."

Richard Walton Tully's comedy, "A Strenuous Life," is to be presented by the students of the South San Francisco high school at the Royal Theatre, Monday evening, March 6th.

The young people are practicing faithfully and it will indeed be a "strenuous life" for them for the next three weeks, that all may be in readiness when the curtain goes up on the final evening.

The play, which is one of college life, is set in Berkeley at the University of California, and depicts the trials of a college man who has neglected his work. It is full of catchy phrases and surprising complications, and must be seen to be appreciated.

As originally presented, the author made a hit in the part of James Wobbers, freshman, which part is to be played by Byrne McSweeney.

The play has been given by about 100 high schools each year for several years and has never failed to please. The students of the local high school trust it will please you.

WOMAN'S CLUB.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Club will be held Thursday, February 17th, in Metropolitan Lodge Hall.

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO MAY SOON BE MODERNLY LIGHTED

W. L. Harraden, associated with the General Electric Company, talked before a large audience of citizens in the city hall last Monday evening on the subject of installing a modern system of lighting the factory, business and residence sections of this city. During his talk Mr. Harraden showed several photo illustrations of the streets of several eastern, middle west and Canadian cities taken both day and night. He stated that the best lighted cities obtained the most publicity and that the best lighted streets of a city attracted the most people.

Citizens present asked several questions and gave their opinions. The general opinion prevailed that the time had now arrived when this city should still further forge ahead and participate in the benefits of every-

thing that obtains in all modern and up-to-date localities.

A committee was appointed by G. W. Holston, president of the board of city trustees, consisting of Trustees Cunningham, McGovern and Kelley, who will investigate the cost of installing a modern system of lighting for this city.

The same committee will also endeavor to obtain an estimate of the cost of improving the civic center site and constructing a new city hall and fire house.

A mass meeting of citizens will soon be called when all these matters will be thoroughly discussed and some definite conclusion determined upon as to whether any or all these propositions shall be submitted to the people to be voted upon.

MRS. JOS. H. NASH OPERATED ON WEDNESDAY FOR APPENDICITIS

Mrs. Nash, wife of County Clerk Jos. H. Nash, underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Hahnemann hospital, San Francisco, Wednesday morning. She is now recovering rapidly, much to the delight of her family and friends.

E. A. HAYES WILL ESTABLISH HEADQUARTERS IN THIS CITY

Campaign headquarters will shortly be established in our municipality, from where all local literature will be circulated advocating the re-election to congress of the incumbent representative, Hon. Everis A. Hayes. Printing for this district will be issued from this office.

POSTPONED.

The dance of Grace Church Guild that had been announced to take place at Guild Hall next Friday evening has been postponed, owing to the fact that the local grammar school had completed arrangements to give an entertainment the same evening at Metropolitan Hall. Not desiring to conflict with the school entertainment, the guild decided to hold its dance on another date, later to be announced.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT

On February 18th the pupils of the South San Francisco grammar school will give a performance in Metropolitan Hall. It will include two operettas, one by girls, the other by boys, and several folk and esthetic dances.

The May festival, held over a year ago, was enjoyed by all who saw it. Since it is the last entertainment given by the grammar school, the public will no doubt welcome another opportunity of seeing the children and the work that is being done for them at school. They have been drilling for some time under the direction of Miss McLaughlin and Miss Clifford, who expect them to do very creditable work.

GRAND HOTEL CHANGED HANDS.

The Grand Hotel on San Bruno road has been purchased by Messrs. S. L. Balopulos (formerly associated with the Superior French Laundry) and S. P. Dress, who announce they will furnish first-class board and rooms at reasonable rates.

Some household furniture for sale at my residence, 557 Grand avenue. Mrs. J. D. Maule. Advt.

THE MONTH of February is "THRIFT MONTH."

THE YEAR

1916 is the Savings Bank Centennial. One hundred years ago, the first savings bank in the United States opened its doors for business.

TO DATE

have you performed some thrifty action; opened a savings account or reopened that old account that you closed some time ago?

WHY NOT

start now?

4% INTEREST ON SAVINGS

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

Cor. Grand and Linden Avenues

South San Francisco, Calif.



AS A UNIVERSAL FUEL

GAS

WILL RANK SUPREME

IN ANY HOME WHERE IT IS USED FOR
COOKING AND THE HEATING OF WATER

It is ideal because it is—

ALWAYS READY
ALWAYS COOL
ALWAYS CLEAN
ALWAYS ECONOMICAL

Pacific Gas and Electric Co.

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SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

DO YOU KNOW

That a World's Business of Rapidly Increasing Magnitude Is Centering Around San Francisco?

DO YOU KNOW that the captains of finance and industry everywhere predict for San Francisco and her environments from now on a quick development and of colossal proportions, both industrially and commercially?

Do you know that South San Francisco is the best-located and best-proven industrial city to-day within this center of great promise?

Do you know that now is the best time for making an investment in South San Francisco property?

Values will never be less and the possibilities of big increase are everywhere within her borders.

Buy and build at once, for the demand for buildings by good tenants is away beyond the supply.

Inquire at the Office of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company for Information

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent

Office Open Sundays, Bank Building

**NEXT TIME
YOU BAKE---**

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
E. I. Woodman, Manager.

Office, 312 Linden Avenue. Phone 126

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Year, in advance.....\$2.00
Six Months ".....1.00
Three Months "......50

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1916.

CLUB AND SOCIETY NOTES.

Our readers are respectfully asked to furnish The Enterprise with items of club, social or personal nature that they know of for publication.

The Woman's Club meets on the first and third Thursdays of each month at Lodge Hall, Metropolitan building, at 2:30 p. m.

THE WORLD ON FIRE.

President Wilson has aptly stated the case. The world is on fire, and the conflagration increases rather than diminishes.

With this fact staring us plainly in the face, one is forced to give serious consideration to the subject of national defense. To do otherwise would be like leaving one's wife and babies at the mercy of a bloodthirsty mob.

The American people do not want war, but there may come a time when it will be impossible for us to prevent war.

If such a time comes we should be prepared to meet it, and to meet it in a manner that will effectively expel the invader from our shores and insure us against all future invasions.

The president has hinted that there is danger of our being drawn into the present war.

We hope not, but if it is true that such danger really exists it is the duty of congress to take immediate steps to place the country in a reasonable state of defense, and to do it without a lot of political wire pulling and filibustering.

If this country is in danger of invasion this is not the time for senators and congressmen to play politics or build political fences. Action is what we need, and quick action and to a definite purpose.

Congress has been fairly warned of the dangers ahead, and the man who trifles with the welfare of his country now will have a fearful bill to pay when the day of reckoning comes.

Give us more action and fewer words.

February 21st to 26th, inclusive, will be pay-up week all over this country, and every citizen is presumed to walk in to his creditors and square up his accounts. The good citizen will do this if it is within the bounds of reasonable possibility. The man who fails to square up because he doesn't care is not worthy of further credit and should not receive it. Business men are not allowed by their creditors to wait until February 21st or 26th. They must forward their checks every thirty days or their credit is shut off. It therefore becomes a great hardship to the business man when he is compelled to pay his own bills promptly and yet is required to carry the accounts of hundreds of people for indefinite periods. We have a lot of faith in our people and we believe they will walk right up and square their little accounts between the 21st and the 26th, and we don't for one minute think they will forget the editor in their rounds. We have faith that this will be the one time when they will not forget to think.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Talk for this town and we'll talk for you.

About the only rational method of complimenting a lazy man is to forget to compliment him.

When you feel like kicking the cat just kick yourself instead. The cat will be satisfied and you don't count.

Some men inherit power, others ac-

quire it, and upon some it is conferred. But mighty few are ever able to hang on to it.

"Swallowing his pride" is a painless performance with some people. Don't even scratch the sides going down.

You can't get ahead of the small boy. One told us the other day that old men are like angle worms because the "chickens" get them both. And we couldn't do a thing but gulp.

Under stress of strong emotion a woman can smile, laugh and cry all in the same breath. A man cusses and grunts.

Quite a bunch of newspapers are making a feature of publishing the news of the war "a year ago to-day." But the public is so blamed busy reading of the war to-day that it has no time to waste even on that of yesterday.

ST. PAUL'S M. E. CHURCH.

At St. Paul's Methodist Church on Sunday evening the pastor will speak on the subject of "Abraham Lincoln, the Great Emancipator."

The occasion will be the celebration of the Freedman's Aid Society and Southern Education.

All are cordially invited to attend.

Sunday school, 10 a. m.

Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, 7:30 o'clock.

Junior League, Wednesday afternoon, 4 o'clock. Miss Ivy Wilkinson, superintendent.

Thos. A. Atkinson, Pastor.

Ladies' Aid Society.

The second Ladies' Aid apron and food sale proved quite successful.

The ladies are planning to sell home-made candy in connection with their food sale next month.

The committee in charge are Mrs. Charles Young, Mrs. E. I. Woodman, Mrs. T. A. Atkinson and Mrs. Klee-meyer.

The next social gathering will be held at the home of Mrs. E. I. Woodman on Miller avenue, Wednesday afternoon, February 23d. All friends cordially invited.

NEWLY APPOINTED ASSESSOR FLYNN WILL RETAIN PRESENT DEPUTIES

The many friends of Mrs. Gertrude Morgan, deputy in the county assessor's office, are delighted to hear that Assessor Daniel Flynn has announced that there will be no change in the office at present. Mrs. Morgan has been in the office for many years, and probably is more familiar with the work than anybody in the county.

A few improved lots on Grand avenue for sale at a bargain. South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company. See John F. Mager, Sales Agent.

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Lord's Day.

Sixth Sunday after the Epiphany, February 13, 1916.

11 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon.

Monday.

2 p. m. Business meeting of Grace Church Guild.

4 p. m. Emmanuel class meets in the Emmanuel Rest Room, 212 Linden avenue, under the direction of Miss Ivy M. Loeb.

8 p. m. Girls' Friendly Society meets around the hearth in Guild Hall. All young women are welcome to attend the meeting.

Tuesday.

7:45 p. m. Evening prayer.

Wednesday.

8 p. m. Men's Bible class meets in pastor's study. Direction of Mr. Joseph J. Goffnett. All men are welcome.

Thursday.

7:30 p. m. Choir practice in Guild Hall.

Friday.

7:30 p. m. Confirmation class meets in the church. The Bishop's visit is set for Friday evening, March 24th. All contemplating confirmation should enroll immediately.

The pastor's phone number is South San Francisco 136M. May also be found at 500 Baden avenue, phone 149J.

Grace Church Choral Society expresses its appreciation for the hearty support given to the play "Because She Loved Him So," staged last Tuesday in the Royal Theatre. We are also very grateful to Mr. Nieri for the loan of the furniture for the play, and to the management of the Royal Theatre for its courtesy and consideration in making the affair a success.

NOTICE.

One hundred dollars (\$100.00) reward will be paid by the undersigned corporation for information resulting in the arrest and conviction of any person for the crime of unlawfully and maliciously taking down or removing any of its electric transmission lines in violation of Penal Code Section 593, or for the crime of larceny for stealing any such electric transmission line.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
By JOHN A. BRITTON,
Vice-President and General Manager.

THE HUB

We have received our spring line of clothing and furnishing goods for men, women and children. Call in and look at them and make your selection. We will make your suit to order in a first-class manner and at reasonable prices.

CHAS. GUIDI, Prop.

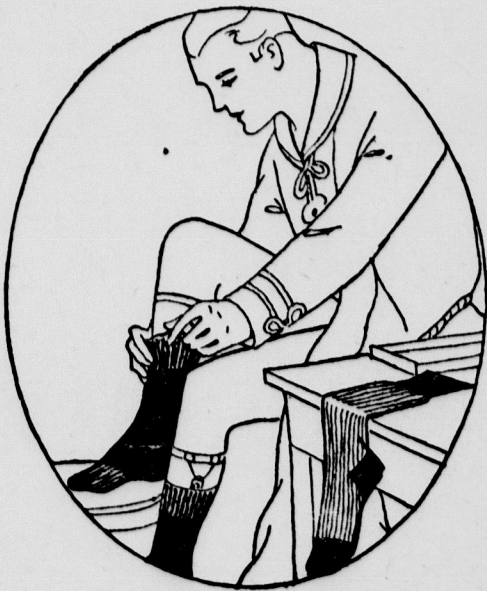
Advt. 313-315 Grand Ave., South San Francisco

Men's Hosiery of Style



It is to be found here and we respectfully ask you to examine our offerings

at your earliest opportunity. Plain colors that will not fade and fancy designs most pleasing to the eye are found in the socks we have on sale. Carefully woven.



W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 Grand Avenue

South San Francisco

Save Your Time—Phone Us

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QUALITY AND SYSTEM

Of course it is best to inspect personally what you buy in any store, but when pressed for time call us up and we will fill your order satisfactorily. Choicest meats and poultry.

LIND'S MARKET

Shop Open 7 a. m. to 6:30 p. m. (closed on Sunday)

First delivery goes east, 8 a. m.; second delivery goes west, 10 a. m.; third delivery goes north, 2 p. m. Free delivery once a day if order is in time as designated.

ROYAL THEATRE

Program Week Commencing Sunday, February 13th:

Sunday—Emmy Wehlen, in "When a Woman Loves."
Monday—Italy and Austrian war pictures.
Tuesday—Mabel Trunnelle and Marc McBermet in "The Destroying Angel."
Wednesday—High-class vaudeville and professional tryouts.
Thursday—Mary Pickford in "Mistress Nell."
Friday—Fourth episode of "The Red Circle" serial.
Saturday—Gladys Hanson in "The Straight Road."

Best Shoes for Winter

Your health demands the wearing of a "safe" shoe during the winter months, a shoe that will keep the feet warm and dry.

We have just that identical shoe and are selling it at popular prices, for men, women and children.

We also are making close prices on Rubbers, and guarantee the quality to be of the best.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF L. A.

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Linden Hotel

208 Linden Avenue

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\$300 cash down, and balance \$10 per month without interest buys a modern cottage within half block of stations in San Bruno.

\$780 cash buys six fine lots in San Bruno; fine homesites.

\$2500 cash buys equity in a \$9000 business property with income, on main business street of San Bruno.

See A. H. GREEN, San Bruno, Calif.

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GOOD MEAT

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SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

UNDERTAKING CO.

530 Grand Avenue

Neil Doyle and Wellar A. Stead

(Deputy Coroner)

LOCAL UNDERTAKERS

Phone South San Francisco 219

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

Francis Drake Lodge, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for stated meetings.
J. G. Walker, Master.
H. F. Mingledorf, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe, No. 111, Impd. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting brothers welcome.
Chas. Dovin, Sachem.
Daniel Hyland, Chief of Records.

South City Aerie, No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall, 8 o'clock.
Geo. E. Kiessling, Worthy President.
W. J. Smith, Secretary.
Visiting brothers welcome.

South City Lodge, No. 822, L. O. O. M., meets in Metropolitan Hall every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers welcome.
C. J. Hyde, Dictator.
Henry Veit, Secretary.

Court Violet, No. 1453, Independent Order of Foresters, meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall.
George W. Hagedorn, Chief Ranger.
John J. McDonald, Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Phone Main 122W

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 2 to 4, 6:30 to 8 p. m.
403 Grand Ave., South San Francisco

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

South San Francisco, San Mateo County, Cal.

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South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.

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Assets - - \$381,696.80

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No premiums or unnecessary expense.

H. W. SCHABERG, Secretary, Redwood City, Cal.

Curusis Bros.

Dealers in
Staple Groceries, Fine Fruit and Vegetables
IMPORTED OLIVE OIL
Fresh Fruit Daily Quick Delivery
243 Grand Ave., South San Francisco

Lincoln Day Exercises at Local High School

Lincoln Day exercises were held on Friday at 1:30 p. m. at the local high school building. Professor Britton presided. The addresses were preceded and followed by patriotic songs rendered by the school children, accompanied by Miss Clifford on the piano.

Professor Britton introduced the visitors, who talked about Abraham Lincoln, the Grand Army of the Republic and patriotism.

Judge E. E. Cunningham delivered an address upon Abraham Lincoln as the ideal democrat and the perfect type of American democracy.

Then followed Mr. Leavitt, a member of Thomas Post, No. 2, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of California and Nevada. Comrade Leavitt talked to the children about the old Grand Army, numbering all told more than two and a half million, whose ages averaged only nineteen years, and who through four long years in over five thousand pitched battles saved our country and kept its flag aloft under the union sky, and of the Grand Army of the Republic, composed of the men who took part in the gigantic contest of 1861 to 1865, and who organized after peace came to our beloved country, to teach the doctrine of Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty.

After Comrade Leavitt came our city's old-time friend and favorite, Comrade George F. McDonald, who told the children about his visit to Washington, D. C., last September at the meeting of the National Encampment of the G. A. R. The children heard how Comrade McDonald and Comrade Leavitt were a part of that first great review of the Grand Army of the Union on its way home, when peace came to the country in September, 1865, and how that host of fighting patriots was five days passing the reviewing stand; how the 30,000 remnant of that former host marched over that same ground, up broad Pennsylvania avenue, in September, 1915, fifty years after the first great review. It was a fine story.

Then Rev. L. C. Kelley spoke, and called attention to the growing fame of Abraham Lincoln. How not only our own American people but all the other peoples are fast coming to a true knowledge of the grand character of our First American.

Professor Britton closed the exercises with a few fitting remarks, thanking the visitors for their presence and contributions to the enjoyment and lessons of the day, and inviting them to return next year and the succeeding years as long as God spares us all to meet for our country's good.

The address of Judge E. E. Cunningham follows:

Professor Britton, teachers and pupils of the South San Francisco public schools:

Lincoln Day brings once more the meeting of youth and old age, and we old soldiers—"we who are about to die salute you"—we salute you and we greet you as the coming generation, as the rising hope of our beloved country.

To you, under God, is very soon to be intrusted the government of this great republic.

You already know something about free government, something about American democracy. You know that democracy is government by the people, in which all the people share equally.

In the ideal democracy, in a government truly "of the people, by the people, and for the people," the strong share their strength with the weak; were it not so, it would not be in truth a government for the people. Upon the contrary, it would be a government for the strong, the powerful, and the fortunate.

This free government of ours is far from the ideal democracy, but it is progressing in that direction, and it is for you to carry it forward toward the perfect state.

Do not become downcast by defeat. Keep your faith; fight on. "Learn to labor and to wait."

Remember that American democracy in its present state comes to us through the slow march of ages of struggle toward freedom in the old world, the seed of which was brought in the Mayflower and other ships of hope to this new world, here planted in free soil, took root, and in the course of time grew and finally blossomed, and came into full flower in the "City of Brotherly Love," on July 4, 1776.

On that day the old Liberty Bell proclaimed "liberty throughout the land to all the inhabitants thereof," in the unanimous "Declaration of the thirteen United States of America," and in these immortal words:

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

"That immortal declaration is the charter of American liberty and is imperishable. It has never been changed. It never will and never can be altered nor amended."

The articles of confederation served their brief purpose and parted like a rope of sand.

The constitution itself, with its compromises and concessions, has been changed and amended time and again, and must continue to change until it conforms with those self-evident truths of the great charter of American democracy.

At the time of the adoption of the constitution by the thirteen original states, and notwithstanding the declaration under which these states achieved their independence, a declaration in which they proudly proclaimed to the world the doctrine that all men are created equal, with the inalienable right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, human slavery existed in these states, and was recognized by the constitution and laws of the new republic. In fact, the author of the Declaration of Independence, a great and a good man, who has been called the "apostle of democracy," was himself a slave-owner.

Slavery remained, in defiance of the doctrine that all men have an inalienable right to life and liberty, until abolished by the emancipation proclamation of Abraham Lincoln. It is evident that the fathers of the republic did not trust the people in everything nor altogether.

In the choice of the president and vice-president, an electoral college was interposed and still remains.

In the election of United States senators, the state legislatures were set up between the people and their representatives. The latter bar has been recently removed, and the people now vote directly for all their legislators.

So you see we are progressing, and

you are to go marching on until the perfect state is reached, and the American republic becomes the ideal democracy.

Take Abraham Lincoln as pilot and guide and you cannot lose your way; for he is above all others the ideal democrat.

He was one of the people. He was, indeed, the "incarnate common-sense" of the American people.

His style of thought and speech was always in harmony with the thought and speech of the plain people.

He never addressed an audience, great or small, from an eminence. In all his public speeches and papers he stood upon a level with the people; he believed the people could think, and so his variable attitude was, "Come, let us reason together." He had faith in the right-mindedness of the people, as well as in their ability to reason and understand, and so he appealed to their conscience and intelligence. He believed in the people; he trusted the people, and they returned his trust.

Office was not with him his personal property; in office he was the servant of those who trusted him with their business.

He made his position clear on the old question of the rights of labor and its relation to capital. It is of record. It was not made at the hustings to catch votes; but deliberately, as president, and in his first annual message to congress these are his words, left as a priceless legacy to the American people:

"It is not needed nor fitting here that a general argument should be made in favor of popular institutions; but there is one point, with its connections, not hackneyed as most others, to which I ask a brief attention."

"It is the effort to place capital on an equal footing with, if not above, labor, in the structure of government. It is assumed that labor is available only in connection with capital; that nobody labors unless somebody else, owning capital, somehow by the use of it induces him to labor. This assumed, it is next considered whether it is best that all laborers are either hired laborers or what we call slaves. And, further, it is assumed that whoever is once a hired laborer is fixed in that condition for life."

"Now, there is no such relation between capital and labor as assumed, nor is there any such thing as a free man being fixed for life in the condition of a hired laborer. Both these assumptions are false, and all inferences from them are groundless."

"Labor is prior to, and independent of, capital."

"Capital is only the fruit of labor, and could never have existed if labor had not first existed. Labor is the superior of capital, and deserves much the higher consideration."

Abraham Lincoln was a true democrat, whose democracy was inbred and inborn. A great American and poet, in his tribute to Abraham Lincoln, said: "America made Lincoln, as God made Adam, out of the very earth."

Paraphrasing the words, and enlarging the thought of the poet, may we not be permitted to say in our tribute to-day: "God made free America, and out of its free earth God made Abraham Lincoln, and God breathed into him the very life and spirit of free America, and he became a living American soul; and he grew and waxed strong; and under God he became emancipator, first American, first democrat, and freedom's first martyr."

SAN BRUNO M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. T. A. Atkinson, Pastor.
Sunday school, 10 a. m.
Preaching, 11 a. m.

Junior League, Tuesday, 3:30 p. m.
Miss Crowhall, M. E. deaconess, superintendent.

For Sale—Five-room house and lot; price \$750; sold on easy terms. See L. M. Pfleger. Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno crossing or phone San Bruno 129. Adv.

For Sale, young cow; cheap. 417 Linden avenue, South San Francisco, Cal. Adv.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

I. O. F.

(By George W. Hagedorn.)

A good crowd of members of the Independent Order of Foresters attended the initiation of Court Violet, No. 1453's class of December and January candidates.

The floor work of Court San Francisco No. 10's, degree team was beautiful and made a lasting impression upon all those present, especially the new members. This work, under the supervision of High Secretary Ed N. Cameron, was highly appreciated. Court Violet will soon have a team of its own.

Supreme Chief Ranger Elliott G. Stevenson of Toronto, Canada, was a visitor in San Francisco for a few hours Tuesday. Being on a business trip he found it to be impossible to visit any of the courts, but will return about the middle of April. High Secretary Cameron promises to have the supreme chief visit Court Violet at that time, and in return for this complimentary visit we have promised a class of fifty to be initiated on that night. So get busy, hustle, boost, and make good this promise.

Companion Blanchard was the winner of the first gold prize and Forester Aug Elliason of the second choice.

On next Tuesday evening a proposal will be made that is of interest to all members of Court Violet.

The entertainment committee is busy on the St. Patrick's dance. The decorations will be the best and most beautiful ever attempted in this city.

The federal council of churches for the first time is going to issue a year book of all churches. The statistics show that of the 100,000,000 people in the United States, approximately 40,000,000 owe membership in some religious body. The exact figures show a gain in 1915 of 648,193. This is the aggregate of the Protestants, Roman Catholics and Jews in the United States.

For sale or exchange for South San Francisco improved property, 8 1-3 acres good land, suitable for all kinds of fruit or alfalfa, on traction line, twenty-five miles south of Sacramento; \$150 per acre. Box 55, South San Francisco. Adv.

For Sale—Hale special sewing machine and kitchen table with bins. Inquire at this office. Adv.

Lost—A small brown muff with three tails, Sunday evening, January 9th, at Dr. Keith's corner, Grand and Maple avenues. Suitable reward to the finder who returns to this office. Adv.

For Sale—A White sewing machine; very little used; \$20. Apply this office. Adv.

DOCTORS LIKE OUR METHODS

EXPERIENCED men physician confidence to only are allowed to know that he and the

compound prescriptions in this drug store. We insist on following the doctor's order to the most exact point, and a careless clerk would not last four minutes with us. It gives the patient can rely on us at all times to give sure, prompt and safe service. Do you ever have headaches? If so come in and we will supply you with powders or tablets that will cure them.

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PENINSULA DRUG CO.
Drugs and Stationery South San Francisco



Sugar That's Not Adulterated



PERHAPS you do not realize that the trade tricksters are adepts at putting cheapening materials in sugar. Yet such is the case. Powdered starch and finely ground sand are among them. We are careful in our buying to deal with only the wholesalers of known reliability. Granulated, powdered and block white sugar, also brown sugar here. All are 100 per cent sugar.

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Fancy Groceries and General Merchandise
PAINTS AND OILS
315-317 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco



CUT OUT THE RENT

paying on your monthly living schedule. You can do it! Instead of making some landlord rich, pay your rent to yourself—make it buy you a well-built, cozy home. Others have done it; why not you? A little cash secures possession—the balance is within your means, if you start soon. Better inquire at once.

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Real Estate and Fire Insurance
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STEAM heating apparatus is complicated, as most housekeepers realize, but we can simplify the matter for you. Cranky valves that are difficult to regulate or noisy pipes or radiators can be remedied at once by us. If your furnace or kitchen stove does not give sufficient heat seek our aid.

Have Plenty of Heat When Wanted

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FOR SALE

Five-room house, electric lights, bath and gas, plastered, papered, newly painted; on paved street; lot 50x140. A bargain if sold at once. See **JOHN F. MAGER**, Sales Agent Land Company.

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ADVERTISE
Because It Pays Them

CIGAR STAND
MANUEL MONIZ, Prop.

For Sale—Good old papers, 15 cents hundred. Apply this office. Adv.

Only a Dream

"Milly, who were you driving with in the park yesterday?"

I do not reply.

"What's the matter, dear? You are blushing like anything."

I bite my lips savagely. My husband rises, and comes over to my chair.

"Milly, my dear," he says, "you are afraid to tell me!"

"I'm not!" I cry indignantly, though I know very well his words are true.

"Then why do you not tell me at once?"

"Because I don't choose."

"Then I must tell you. I met Depworth yesterday, and he asked me did I not object to your driving with—"

"What business has he to interfere?" I interrupt.

"He did not interfere," said my husband, quietly; "he merely cautioned me that Mrs. Fleet was not a nice companion for you. She is in one of the fastest sets. She is not a nice woman. Do you hear me, Milly?"

Yes, I do hear him! and am at this very moment making up my mind to speak to Mrs. Fleet the next time I meet her.

"Now, darling, kiss me," my husband says, kindly. But instead I hurry from the room and slam the door behind me.

I do not see my husband again that day until about 7 o'clock. I have refused to come down to lunch, and have remained all day in my bedroom reading—or rather pretending to read.

Seven o'clock strikes, and startles me; and at the same moment the gong sounds. Why on earth has Parker not come to dress me? Then I remember vaguely having given her leave to go out.

It is too late to dress now, but I am tired of myself—tired of sitting up here alone, so I go down as I am, to find that Douglas has brought home a couple of friends to dinner. I dart a look of anger at him as I make some lame apology for my costume.

His friends are two rather good-looking young lawyers.

At dinner I talk and laugh incessantly, studiously avoiding, however, exchanging a word with my husband. He does not say much, but sits silent and abstracted at the head of the table. He is annoyed more than he cares to show at my behavior, and in this, tonight, I take a wicked delight. So I talk on, and presently manage to get up some joke on Mr. Depworth.

My husband's brow is darkening. In another moment I have both his guests in a roar of laughter at something I say about his clerical friend. (Mr. Depworth is a clergyman.)

"But you ought to have seen him one Sunday morning," I say, keeping up their amusement; "you know he writes his sermons in lead pencil, and as he turns the leaves over his fingers get perfectly black after a while. Well, that Sunday I thought I should have died of laughter. It was one of those dreadfully hot days, you know, and he drew his hand across his forehead, and left five dirty marks on—"

"Milly!" thunders my husband, for the first time his anger getting the better of him; "I will not sit by and hear you making fun of Mr. Depworth! He is a thoroughly good man, and I'll not have it!"

The two young men exchange looks. I am very angry, but only laugh, and after a few moments rise from the table.

As I leave the room, I catch my husband's eye. It is full of yearning. Already he has repented his hasty words to me—my well-deserved reproof.

I leave the room laughing. But as I ascend the wide stone staircase, my eyes fill with scalding, remorseful tears. I think that if Douglas were here now I would acknowledge my fault and implore his forgiveness. I am near repentance now.

But a few more moments and the feeling passes. Angry, revengeful thoughts fill my mind. I remember that my husband has scolded me before his friends, and that I hate him!

It is in this frame of mind that I go up to my boudoir, and lying down on a couch try to rest. I close my

eyes, but it is scarcely surprising that I cannot sleep.

Douglas is coming upstairs. He enters the room, and, treading on tip-toe for fear of waking me, crosses the room, leans over and kisses me.

A yearning comes over me to put my arms around his neck, and ask his forgiveness; but while I am yet wavering he departs, leaving me, as he thinks, asleep. When he is gone, I go to bed.

I do not know how long after it is, but, at all events, I am not awake when he comes up.

When I open my eyes in the morning, with that unpleasant feeling that something has happened, which invariably comes to the drowsy brain after anything disagreeable has occurred the day before, I miss him, and learn from my maid that he went out early.

Breakfast is ready, and the tea getting cold. Shall I wait for him? No, I decide not. So I sit down to my solitary breakfast very much inclined to cry. I have almost finished, when the door opens and Douglas enters.

"I went to B—s," he says, apologetically, "to get those flowers for your hair to-night."

"I am not going to the ball to-night," I returned ungraciously.

"Not going?"

"No."

That is all we say to each other; but as I start to leave the room he calls me back.

"Well!" I ask.

"Won't you stop while I eat my breakfast?"

He speaks half wistfully, half disappointedly.

I linger at the door. My better nature urges me to humble my pride. I know that by a few short words I might be as happy as I was before this quarrel arose.

I hesitate, approach him by a few inches; then my mood changes and I say, coldly:

"I am very busy; I am afraid I cannot stay."

"Very well," he says, sighing heavily; "but before you go take this paper." (He handed me a copy of a society journal.) "There is a paragraph in it which will interest you."

There is something in his tone when he speaks—something of irony—which in the present state of my feelings irritates me. So I say, coldly:

"Thank you. I don't care to see it."

I leave the room; but directly I hear him go out, I return stealthily and fetch it. I open it and begin to read, and have glanced through two or three paragraphs, when I come to this. The context is about some fancy ball: "Mrs. Fleet was there, of course. She appeared as Venus. Her dress excited a fair amount of remark, being somewhat in the style of the 'Madame Favart' Venus—a white satin body cut square, very square, and laced down the back; no sleeves; white satin petticoat, very short. Mr. Fleet did not attend. He—"

So this was the sort of woman I wanted to make my friend! My husband is right. But again my false, wicked pride makes me think that if Mrs. Fleet were to come call on me now I should ask her to lunch. I won't say the first word. If he chooses to ask me to make friends again, perhaps I might; but humble myself I will not. With these bad, rebellious thoughts in my mind I go about my housekeeping; but nothing goes right. I am cross; cook is cross. I scold; cook is pert. I give her notice.

After this achievement, I betake myself to the drawing-room and begin to work some crewels. I am working a flower, but thinking of something very different. I am thinking how disagreeable everybody is—everybody but me—and how infinitely—

"Surely, something looks wrong! What on earth—oh, —"

There followed a naughty little word I have often heard the boys use at home. I have done a rose in blue!

I take up my work and, dashing it to the floor, trample it under foot, and then suddenly, and quite unexpectedly

even to myself, burst into tears, and for the first time realize that since yesterday morning I have been perfectly miserable.

I begin to wish my husband would come in and see me; perhaps he would pity me. I am finding out that I cannot live without his love.

The hours pass on. No Douglas. He does not come home to dinner. Is it any wonder? Have I made his home pleasant for him to-day or yesterday? This is the first time he has ever failed to come to dinner. Perhaps he will begin to spend his evenings out—at the music halls or theatres. But this thought is too dreadful—I do not think he would do that. Oh, if he would only come home! How cross I was with him at breakfast—and he so kind!

All that evening I sit alone in the drawing-room, doing nothing, only thinking—thinking such miserable thoughts.

Nine o'clock!

If it had not been for my odious pride, I should be dressed now for Lady Inglestone's ball. How happy I might have been!

Presently I hear the hall door open and slam. It is my husband coming in to dress. My heart throbs wildly as I hear him coming up the stairs.

I am crying again.

As he passes the door I give a great sob. I hear him pause for a moment—but only for a moment—and then pass on.

I rush to the door.

"Douglas!" I cry, piteously; "Douglas!"

If he hears me he does not answer, and with a great, hoarse cry, I sink upon the floor in an agony of grief.

Half an hour passes, and then he descends and leaves the house.

He is gone!

"Oh! I did think he would come in before he went!" I wail, with a great, tearless sob. "Oh Douglas, Douglas!"

I cannot cry now. I can only sit still, with a fierce grief gnawing at my heart.

So I stay on, watching and waiting. Twelve o'clock! One, two! I hear them all strike.

I am the only one up in the house. The servants have gone to bed hours ago. I rise and pace the room, and as I do so I catch sight of my face in the mirror over the mantelpiece. I almost start, it is so white and haggard; it frightens me. My eyes look wild and strange and gleam in their tearless brightness with a curious light.

I am frightened, the house is so silent. The clock, as though taking advantage of the stillness, ticks its loudest. I find myself counting the moments as they pass, marked by its loud tongue.

The fire is dying out. The embers, one by one, assume a dead, dull red, and ever and anon fall lower in the grate, with a noise which seems to make every nerve in my body start out in affright.

I am tired—worn out now with sheer inability to weep—and begin to nod my head lower and lower, when, suddenly, three o'clock strikes, and brings the dews of terror once more out upon my forehead:

Douglas will be home soon. Oh, the thought is joyful! I have never longed for him as now. I fancy I can see him dancing. At this moment I might be with him and happy but for—

Hush! What is that?

One of the windows is being steadily, stealthily shaken! I start up with alarm. Yes, some one is trying to get in. I do not scream; something prevents me. I am sick with terror, yet I glide quietly from the room into the passage, and there, in the clear, white moonlight, I distinctly see the outline of a man opening the window from the outside. For a moment my fear gets the better of me. I cannot see, feel or think. I am perfectly dazed.

Suddenly, a thought comes to me. These words seem whispered in my ear: "He is in your power!"

I rush forward, and with all my strength give him a push. I see him reel, clutch convulsively at the wood-work of the window, and fall, propelled by my murderous hand. As he falls I catch a glimpse of his face. Oh, heaven, it is my husband!

I stand still as I am, unable to realize anything. There is a mist before

my eyes, and dull throbbing in my ears; but my mind is a blank.

The cold night air blows in and makes the hair on my forehead flutter wildly in the draught; but I scarcely feel it—I am dazed. I try to think, but cannot. Days—weeks—years seem to pass as I stand feeling, thinking, knowing nothing. All the time I mutter aimlessly to myself: "I have killed him! I have killed him!" but the words to me mean nothing. And so the long minutes come and go. I have not stirred a muscle; my hand—the hand that gave that murdering push—is still extended; I am leaning forward as I did then; my eyes are fixed on space, vacantly, with a death-like stare.

"I must have killed him!" I speak the words, but do not hear them.

"I have killed him!" And then suddenly realize what I say. My voice becomes a wild, despairing shriek. Then follows explaining thought—thought not expressed even to myself; but it has dawned upon me that my husband has forgotten his latch-key, and has climbed up by the pear tree; and I have killed him—I have killed him!

Oh, am I, too, dying? My arms relax and fall to my side; I reel, and seem to fall into an abyss of bottomless blackness.

"Milly! Milly, darling! speak to me! Oh! can she be dead? Milly, speak to me!"

My husband's voice! I open my eyes slowly, and gaze bewilderedly into his great, tender, frightened eyes—eyes now full of inexpressible thankfulness.

"Douglas! oh, Douglas!"

"Yes, my darling; I am here."

"But—aren't you dead?" And I shudder, convulsively.

"No"; and a half smile broke upon his handsome face. "What put that into your head? I only came in just now, and found you lying here. Oh, darling," he adds, "when I believed for a moment that you were dead, I thought I should go mad."

"And didn't you forget your latch-key, and climb in through the window, and—didn't I push you down? Oh, Douglas, has it only been an awful dream? Are you really here?"

"Yes, darling, only a dream."

Only a dream!

I put my arms round his neck and kiss him as I have never kissed him before. It seems too good to be true, to have him here in my arms when I thought to see a shattered— But that is too awful and I burst into tears.

"Forgive me, Douglas! I have been so miserable! I'm so sorry!"

"So have I, Milly! Kiss me!"

And so we make it up. We kiss again with tears. Then I tell him of these two wretched days—how unhappy I have been, then of my dream.

Only a dream! Is it possible that the lifetime of agony I passed through as I stood in the calm, cold moonlight, gazing out into vacancy—awful, palpable vacancy—should, after all, have been but a dream?

Glaciers in Nebraska.

Many of the physical features of eastern Nebraska were produced by sheets of ice that invaded the region during and after the earlier stages of the great ice age. At the opening of the glacial epoch the great Keewatin glacier spread southward and covered large parts of the Dakotas, Minnesota and Iowa and extended thence into eastern Nebraska, where it was probably several hundred feet thick. This first stage of glaciation was brought to a close by the melting of the ice in a warmer interglacial time or stage—the Aftonian.

A remarkable assemblage of animals invaded the region after the ice had disappeared, and the bones and teeth of many of these animals have been found in the Aftonian deposits of western Iowa. The late Professor Samuel Calvin identified the remains of horses, camels, stags, elephants, mastodons, mammoths and sloths. When these animals lived in western Iowa the climate there must have been comparatively mild and vegetation very abundant.—Geological Survey Bulletin.

A Good Start.

"I hear, old man, that you are going to start housekeeping. What have you got toward it?"

"A wife."

SLIGHTED A HERO

Here is one of Captain James A. Scrymser's best anecdotes, which he did not put in his volume of personal reminiscences of peace and war:

After the close of the war between the states in 1865 Secretary of War Stanton, at the suggestion of President Johnson, selected Major-General Francis C. Barlow as the bearer of certain dispatches to the American minister, Mr. Adams, in London. It later developed that the main purpose of this mission was to allow the English army officials to know Major-General Barlow, he being deemed by the president and secretary of war an excellent specimen of a youthful volunteer general, who had served gallantly throughout the war.

General Barlow sailed for England with his official dispatches, and shortly after his arrival he was presented to the Duke of Cambridge, then commander in chief of her majesty's forces, by Mr. Adams, our minister, and likewise to other high military officials.

Of course General Barlow received many invitations and was able to accept but few. One invitation which he did accept was for a week-end party at the house of a well-known major-general of the British army, residing a few miles from Aldershot.

On his arrival Barlow found a very gay house party, made up of distinguished social "lions and lionesses." I have not the slightest doubt that Barlow held his own in this distinguished company, although these high army officials of her majesty's service evidently drew a sharp line between volunteer and regular officers. This fact Barlow fully realized the Saturday morning after his arrival, when, much to his surprise, his host and ultra exclusive house guests departed for a "drive" in a four-in-hand coach, leaving General Barlow behind. No invitation had been extended to Barlow, and he was left alone on the piazza, being told by his hospitable host that there was a box of cigars and the London Times in the smoking room, which would keep him fairly well occupied until their return.

The coaching party had been absent about an hour when a troop of cavalry, commanded by a British officer, halted in front of the house. The officer asked for General Barlow and, upon meeting him, said that he was commanded by his royal highness the Duke of Cambridge to invite General Barlow to accept a review of her majesty's command (of some 10,000 men) at Aldershot at 2 o'clock that afternoon.

General Barlow gracefully accepted the invitation, and, donning his "war paint," mounted an extra horse which the Duke of Cambridge had thoughtfully provided for him, and started for Aldershot with his escort.

As Barlow and his escort approached the reviewing stand the band struck up "The Star-spangled Banner," all flags were dipped, and the Duke of Cambridge rode to the front and received General Barlow in a most courteous manner.

Naturally, General Barlow was the center of all eyes. Barlow was surprised to see the coaching party of his host directly in front of the reviewing stand. Its presence accounted for the early departure that morning. If General Barlow was surprised, one can imagine the surprise and dismay shown by the gay host and his party when they discovered who was the hero of the day. General Barlow's host had during the morning drive supposedly learned of the intended review which was to be held, but had not the slightest idea it was to be in honor of his guest, the volunteer general from the states.

All sorts of apologies were offered, but General Barlow, in his dignified manner, politely let his host understand that he understood the situation perfectly and that he had evidently not been invited on the coaching party because he did not come up to the English standard of a major-general in their eyes, despite the fact that he had probably seen more fighting than all the British officers on that field.

Barlow was urged to return, now that he was a "lion" in their eyes, but after such a slight he preferred to return to London, which he did, after leaving a polite but dry note of thanks and arranging for his valet to pack up his things and join him in London.

TESTING A SHELL

Everybody knows that the modern shell is one of the most diabolical of man's inventions, but how many of us realize that it is also one of the most delicate and complicated?

Recently some firms holding contracts for making high explosive shells took upon themselves to correct a detail in the specification, and as a result a certain thread was "improved." They will never do anything of the kind again, because all their work was rejected. The apparent absurdity, from an engineering point of view—is designed of set purpose.

There is a somewhat similar anomaly in the big shell for penetrating armor plating, which was introduced in consequence of an accident. One day a test shell was fired at a piece of armor plating from the soft side, and the projectile went clean through it and exploded after impact, whereas a similar shell fired against the front—the hardened and tempered side—shattered and left an indentation of only a few inches.

This singular incident set somebody thinking, and in consequence the high explosive armor-piercing shell is now given a soft nose. To the hard point is attached a cap of soft metal, with which addition it will go through the toughest piece of armor plate. What happens on impact seems to be this: The cap spreads, holding the point and so enabling it—remember that the shell is revolving rapidly—to force its way unbroken through the hard face of the plate by a sort of boring action.

No less curious is another fact concerning the points of such projectiles. After the heads have been worked the shells are left for weeks before they undergo the next stage, because, strong as they look, they are liable to snap.

Why? Think of the razor. Constant stropping twists the grain, with the result that the steel gets tired and will not yield a keen edge. But if you put the thing away for a few weeks the grain will return to its normal state and you can get a satisfactory shave. In a similar way the grain of the steel is affected by working, though of course to a much greater extent, and until it is "set" the makers must go cautiously.

Steel shows a like eccentricity in the making of test gauges. Some of the measurements of shells are very fine, and the instruments employed are so delicate that they have to be used quickly lest the heat of the hand causes the metal to expand.

Now, when a groove is cut in a piece of steel which is to be used as a test gauge the work is laid aside for weeks, perhaps months. Why not finish it at once? Because the groove, though dead true when cut out, may be otherwise in a short time, even though it has been absolutely untouched.

As a concrete proof of the elaborate nature of projectile making, take the case of the shrapnel shell. The steel portion undergoes about a score of operations, and the brass cartridge case attached to the base requires about sixteen, counting from the disk of sheet brass to the finished article. Then there is the fuse, the delicacy of which resembles watchmaking.

Altogether the shell is subjected to about forty inspections and may be rejected at any stage.

After a shell has survived this ordeal it ought to be, one would think, perfect, but a test shell is taken from every 120 and actually fired from a gun into a bank of sand. It is then again examined, and if the contour about the powder pocket is expanded away goes the whole batch, because if they were fired the grooving might be torn out of the gun.

Perhaps the most striking illustration of the minute care exercise in projectile making is that every shell is weighed over and over again. If you produce an eighteen-pounder high explosive shell it must be only a few drams over or under its normal weight; otherwise it is rejected.

In this connection it may be of interest to note that an explosive shell that weighs only about seventy pounds will break into a shower of some 1200 pieces. A single one of the monster projectiles fired from a fifteen-inch naval gun will weigh 1950 pounds. It takes twelve seconds for the projectile of a twelve-inch naval

gun to reach its point of impact when firing at a range of five miles. To fire a battleship broadside costs about \$20,000.

VAST PREHISTORIC SEA

Covered Large Portion of the United States Now Teeming With Population.

A prehistoric sea, or arm of the ocean, which extended from the Gulf of Mexico far up into New York state, together with the early animal life of this sea, is described in an interesting manner by the United States geological survey in reporting to a correspondent on a rock sample:

"The rock was formed very long ago, many million years ago, in what geologists call the Devonian period. At that time a large part of the eastern United States was occupied by an arm of the sea which extended northward from the Gulf of Mexico region into New York state. The eastern shore of the sea was not far east of the present line of the Blue Ridge and the Highlands of New Jersey and southeastern New York, and still farther east lay a great continent which extended an unknown distance into the area now occupied by the North Atlantic. The northern shore of the sea was somewhere near a line drawn from Albany through Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo. The present site of the Catskills was thus near the northeast end or head of this sea or full, with land not far away on the east and north.

"The sea teemed with life, almost wholly invertebrate animal, and marine plants, and the larger part of the life appears to have inhabited the sea bottom. Brachiopods, though rare now, were very abundant then, and many other forms of animals crawled about or grew upon the sea floor. As the streams washed in sand and mud from the neighboring lands the sea gradually filled up and the shells of many brachiopods and other shell-bearing animals were thus buried in the sand and their forms preserved till now. By slow upward movement of the earth's crust the sea was drained from the region and the beds of sand and mud that had been and hardened into sandstone and shale, and lifted thousands of feet above level to form a great new land. The Catskill mountains have since been carved from this uplifted mass of rock through the cutting of valleys by the streams.

"As a rule none of the original material of the shells is preserved, having been dissolved away long ago. The sand being closely compacted about the shells, their forms were preserved, however, as molds in the sandstone. Some of the molds have since been filled by calcite (calcium carbonate) which has crystallized from water that soaked through the rock, and thus casts were formed having the same shape as the original shells and consisting of similar material. The fact that few, if any, whole shells were preserved in this particular rock shows that, after the death of the animals that they belonged to, the shells were washed about by waves and currents and more or less broken up before being buried in the sand."—U. S. Geological Survey.

How Do You Make a Circle? The intelligence of people may be gauged by asking them to make a circle on paper with a pencil and noting in which direction the hand is moved. The good student in a mathematical class draws circles from left to right. The inferiority of the softer sex as well as the male dunces is shown by their drawing from right to left. Asylum patient do the same.

Looking Backward.

Germany's secret police are supplied with "police eyeglasses." These have tiny concave mirrors on the side next the face, which may be extended sideways or folded back so as not to show and give the wearer, if he has normal sight, an image of what is going on directly behind him.

His Chosen Profession.

"And what do you expect to be when you grow up, Bobby," asked a minister, "a lawyer, like your father?" "No," Bobby replied. "Mother says I'm too much like papa to make a successful lawyer. I did think I'd be a drum major, but I guess I'll be a lion tamer."

IMPORTANT FOR VOTERS TO KNOW

The following calendar for the year of dates important for voters to know has been prepared. It begins with the opening of registration on January 2, 1916, and the following are the more important dates announced:

Tuesday, February 22d—First day upon which verification deputies can secure signatures to candidates' petitions.

Wednesday, March 1st—State central committees must notify secretary of state of number of delegates to national convention.

Thursday, March 23d—Last day upon which petitions of candidates for delegates to national conventions can be filed with registrar.

Saturday, April 1st—Last day to change residence from one precinct to another in order to be eligible to vote at presidential primary.

Saturday, April 1st—Registration for presidential primary closes.

Tuesday, May 2d—Presidential primary.

Wednesday, May 31st—Last day to be naturalized and last day to take up residence from another county to be eligible to vote at August primary.

Tuesday, June 20th—First day on which signatures can be secured to petitions of candidates for August primary.

Saturday, July 29th—Last day to change residence from one precinct to another in order to vote at August primary.

Saturday, July 29th—Registration for August primary closes.

Wednesday, August 9th—Last day to be naturalized and last day to take up residence from another county to be eligible to vote at general election.

Tuesday, August 29th—Primary election.

Tuesday, September 19th—State and party convention meets at state capitol to formulate state platforms, elect central committees and nominate electors for president and vice-president.

Saturday, October 7th—Last day to change from one precinct to another in order to be eligible to vote at general election.

Saturday, October 7th—Registration for general election closes.

Sunday, October 8th—Governor issues election proclamation.

Tuesday, November 7th—Presidential election.

Monday, January 8, 1917—Presidential electors meet at state capitol and cast ballots for president and vice-president.

The Ruling Passion.

Cynicus—When a man gets all the money he knows what to do with, there is only one thing he wants.

Sillicus—And that is?

Cynicus—More money.

His Specialty.

"I never knew that man yonder ever to treat anybody well."

"Why not?"

"They have to be ill first; he's a doctor."

ORDINANCE NO. 87.

An Ordinance Dividing the City of South San Francisco Into Two Municipal Election Precincts and Establishing the Boundaries Thereof, and Repealing Ordinance No. 75 of the City of South San Francisco, Entitled "An Ordinance Dividing the City of South San Francisco Into Two Municipal Election Precincts and Establishing the Boundaries Thereof, and Repealing Ordinance No. 30 of the City of South San Francisco, Entitled 'An Ordinance Establishing an Election Precinct in and for the City of South San Francisco, Passed and Adopted the 7th Day of March, 1910,' which Said Ordinance No. 75 was Passed and Adopted by the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco the 19th Day of January, 1914.

The Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. For the purposes of all municipal elections, where the same are held separate from state elections, except any special election which may be called by said Board of Trustees for the submission of a proposition to annex new territory to said City, the City of South San Francisco is hereby divided into two municipal election precincts to be known and designated as follows: "South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1" and "South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2."

Section 2. South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 shall contain all that territory included in South San Francisco Precinct No. 1 and South San Francisco Precinct No. 2, as said precincts are bounded and described in Sections 69 and 70 of the Ordinance No. 276 of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, dividing said County

into election precincts and establishing the boundaries thereof, passed and adopted the 6th day of December, 1915.

Section 3. South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2 shall contain all that territory included in South San Francisco Precinct No. 3 and South San Francisco Precinct No. 4, as said precincts are bounded and described in Sections 71 and 72 of Ordinance No. 276 of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, dividing said County of San Mateo into election precincts and establishing the boundaries thereof, passed and adopted the 6th day of December, 1915.

Section 4. Ordinance No. 75 entitled "An Ordinance Dividing the City of South San Francisco into two municipal election precincts and establishing the boundaries thereof, and repealing Ordinance No. 30 of the City of South San Francisco, entitled 'An Ordinance Establishing an Election Precinct in and for the City of South San Francisco,' passed and adopted the 7th day of March, 1910," which Ordinance No. 75 was passed and adopted the 19th day of January, 1914, is hereby repealed.

Section 5. This ordinance shall be published once in "The Enterprise," a weekly newspaper printed, published and circulated in the City of South San Francisco, and shall take effect and be in force from and after the expiration of thirty (30) days after the date of its passage.

Introduced this 24th day of January, 1916.

Passed and adopted as an ordinance of the City of South San Francisco this 7th day of February, 1916, at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, by the following vote:

Ayes, Trustees F. A. Cunningham, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern, Geo. H. Wallace and G. W. Holston.

Noes, Trustees none.

Abstained, Trustees none.

Approved: G. W. HOLSTON,

President of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.

Attest: WILLIAM J. SMITH,

City Clerk.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that, whereas, there was heretofore and on the 24th day of January, 1916, duly presented to and filed with the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, a municipal corporation in the County of San Mateo, State of California, a written petition signed by over one-fifth in number of the qualified electors of said municipal corporation, computed upon the number of votes cast at the last general municipal election held therein, asking that the hereinafter described new territory be annexed to, incorporated in and made a part of said municipal corporation, and asking and proposing that the boundaries of said City be altered accordingly; and further asking that there be submitted to the qualified electors of said municipal corporation and to the qualified electors residing in the aforesaid territory proposed by said petition to be annexed to, incorporated in and made a part of said municipal corporation, and that such proposition be submitted to a special election to be held for that purpose, and no other, and that said Board of Trustees call such election, and cause due and legal notice to be given thereof, as provided by law; and

Whereas said Board of Trustees duly considered said petition and received evidence in support thereof, and duly found that said petition was in proper form, and was so signed, and thereupon called said election and directed this notice to be given;

Now, therefore, a special election has been and is hereby called, and will be held on Monday, the 13th day of March, 1916, for the purpose of submitting to, and at which there will be and is hereby submitted to the qualified electors of said municipal corporation, to-wit, said City of South San Francisco, and to the qualified electors residing in the new territory so proposed by said petition to be annexed to said municipal corporation, and which territory is hereinafter particularly described, the following proposition, to-wit: "The proposition proposed to be annexed to said municipal corporation, shall be annexed to, incorporated in and made a part of said municipal corporation."

And notice is hereby given that the new territory so proposed to be annexed to said municipal corporation and which is sought by said petition to be so annexed, and which is above referred to, is bounded and specifically described as follows, to-wit:

All that certain territory, and parcel of land situated, lying and being contiguous to the City of South San Francisco, and in the County of San Mateo, State of California, and particularly described, as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the dividing line between sections 22 and 23, township 3 south, range 5 west, 10 A. M. said point being 150 feet north of the granite monument set 10 chains north of section corner common to sections 22, 23, 26, and 27, township 3 south, range 5 west, and running thence northwesterly to a point that is distant south of the granite monument which is set for the most northerly corner of the lands of the Western Meat Company; thence north 37 degrees 47 minutes east 1201.67 feet; thence north 61 degrees 13 minutes east 242.2 feet to the line of the right of way of the Selby Smelting and Lead Company; thence easterly along said southerly line of said right of way to the dividing line between sections twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23) township 3 south, range 5 west; thence north to a point that is distant fifty (50) feet from the shore line of the San Francisco Bay; thence easterly and southerly to a point that is due west of the southwest corner of tide lot number twenty-seven (27), section fourteen (14), township three (3) south, range five (5) west; thence due east to the dividing line between the counties of San Mateo and Alameda; thence southerly along said dividing line to a point that is due east of the point where the easterly boundary of tide lot number ten (10) of section twenty-three (23) intersects the shore line of San Francisco Bay; thence due west to a point that is fifty (50) feet westerly at right angles to the southerly line of the right of way of the Selby Smelting and Lead Company; and thence southerly along the line distant fifty (50) feet from and parallel to said southerly line of the right of way of the said railroad to a point that is due east of the point of beginning; thence due west to the point of beginning.

And notice is hereby further given that the qualified electors of said municipal corporation, said City of South San Francisco, and the qualified electors residing in said new territory so proposed to be annexed are hereby invited to vote upon the proposition above stated by placing upon their ballots the words "FOR ANNEXATION" or "AGAINST ANNEXATION," or words equivalent thereto.

And notice is further given that it is proposed to annex to, incorporate in, and make a part of said municipal corporation the territory so sought to be annexed, and which is specifically described and bounded as above set forth.

Said election shall be held and conducted in conformity with the general election laws of the State of California, governing in so far as the same may be applicable to such elections.

For the purposes of said election, said City of South San Francisco has been and is divided into two (2) election precincts designated as "Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 1" and "Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 2," respectively. Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 1 shall contain all that territory contained in South San Francisco Precinct No. 1, and South San Francisco Precinct No. 2, as said precincts are described in that certain ordinance entitled "Ordinance No. 276 of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, Dividing said County of San Mateo into Election Precincts, and Establishing the Boundaries thereof," passed and adopted by the Board of Supervisors of said County of San Mateo, on the 6th day of December, 1915; Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 2 shall contain all that territory contained in South San Francisco Precinct No. 3 and South San Francisco Precinct No. 4, as said precincts are described in said Ordinance No. 276 of the Board of Supervisors of said County of San Mateo.

In said Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 1 the polls shall be held at the South San Francisco Fire House at No. 415 Grand Avenue in said City of South San Francisco; the judges shall be Mary E. McGraw and Leslie C. Kelley, and the inspector shall be M. C. Mauley. In said Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 2 the polls shall be held at No. 310 Linden Avenue, in said City of South San Francisco, and generally known as the "City Hall"; the judges shall be M. Foley and Sarah Ingram, and the inspector shall be Richard Harder.

For the purposes of said election, the new territory above described, and which it is proposed to annex to said municipal corporation, shall constitute one election precinct for the qualified electors residing in said new territory so proposed to be annexed, which said precinct is hereby denominated "Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 3." In said "Special Annexation Election Precinct No. 3" the polls shall be held at the place and the election conducted as aforesaid by the judges and inspector hereinafter named as follows, to-wit: The polls in said precinct shall be held in the dwelling house of Manuel Rogers and the judges shall be Manuel Rogers and Mable Hyde and the inspector shall be Domenico Medeghini.

In said City of South San Francisco and in said precinct in said new territory so proposed to be annexed, the polls shall be opened at six o'clock a. m. of the day of election, and shall be kept open until seven o'clock p. m. of the same day when said polls shall be closed.

And the qualified electors of said municipal corporation of South San Francisco and the qualified electors of said new territory so proposed to be annexed, as hereinbefore described, are invited to vote upon such proposition of the proposed annexation of said territory to said municipal corporation of the City of South San Francisco by placing upon their ballots the words "For Annexation" or "Against Annexation," or words equivalent thereto.

The manner of voting for or against the proposition whether such new territory shall be annexed to, incorporated in, and made a part of said municipal corporation shall be as follows, to-wit:

A sufficient number of ballots shall be and is hereby directed to be prepared and caused to be printed on the proper kind of paper used at such elections in said State by the Clerk of said City, and shall be furnished and provided for the use of the voters at said special election at the expense of said City and said ballots shall have the following printed matter thereon, in addition to any other matter which may be required by law, to-wit:

MUNICIPAL TICKET.

Special Election submitting to the qualified electors the proposition whether the new territory proposed to be annexed to the City of South San Francisco, by the petition filed the 24th day of January, 1916, with the Board of Trustees of said City, shall be annexed to, incorporated in and made a part of said municipal corporation.

FOR ANNEXATION

AGAINST ANNEXATION

Any voter who desires to vote in favor of said proposition to annex, incorporate in, and make a part of said municipal corporation the said territory so proposed to be annexed may do so by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square of the ballot to the right of and opposite the words "For Annexation," and after such ballot shall have been so stamped and shall be deposited in the ballot box, it shall be canvassed and counted, as provided by law, as a vote in favor of said proposition to annex said new territory.

Any voter who desires to vote against said proposition of annexing to, incorporating in, and making a part of said municipal corporation the said new territory so proposed to be annexed may do so by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square of the ballot to the right of and opposite the words "Against Annexation," and after such ballot shall have been so stamped and shall be deposited in the ballot box, it shall be canvassed and counted, as provided by law, as a vote against said proposition to annex said new territory.

And it is further ordered that any voter who desires to vote for and in favor of said proposition of annexing to, incorporating in, and making a part of such municipal corporation the said new territory so proposed to be annexed, may do so at said election, as stated in said form of ticket, by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square of the ballot to the right of and opposite the words "For Annexation," and after such ballot shall have been so stamped and shall be deposited in the ballot box, it shall be canvassed and counted, as provided by law, as a vote in favor of said proposition to annex said new territory.

Any voter who desires to vote against said proposition of annexation, incorporating in, and making a part of said municipal corporation the said new territory so proposed to be annexed, may do so at said special election, as stated in said form of ticket by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square of the ballot to the right of and opposite the words "Against Annexation," and after such ballot shall have been so stamped and shall be deposited in the ballot box, it shall be canvassed and counted, as provided by law, as a vote against said proposition to annex said new territory.

This notice is issued this 7th day of February, 1916, by order of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, duly made and entered this 7th day of February, 1916.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

By F. A. CUNNINGHAM,

By J. H. KELLEY,

By J. C. MCGOVERN,

By GEORGE H. WALLACE,

Members of the Board of Trustees.

G. W. HOLSTON,

President of the Board of Trustees.

Attest: WILLIAM J. SMITH,

City Clerk.

2-12-5t

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS IN BRIEF

Another canning factory is assured at Hemet.

Winters is to take part in the National Pay-Up-Week.

Yuba County Hospital reports one vacant bed out of sixty-nine.

Siskiyou and Northern Shasta County were again visited by a snow storm.

The recent storms played havoc with the lobster fishermen on Santa Cruz Island.

Los Angeles bankers declare that National Thrift Day has been well observed.

Azusa packing houses are running almost to capacity to catch up with the demand.

Wesley Patterson of the Simi District has planted several acres to garlic, an experiment.

Five Chinese were arrested at Newcastle charged with having opium in their possession.

Society of Pasadena held a charity ball to aid the Pasadena Children's Training Society.

Oroville has started construction on new rifle pits, to be the finest and most modern in the State.

The first funeral ever held in charge of the Boy Scouts at San Pedro took place a few days ago.

The Ferry tower at San Francisco is to be made into a radiant semblance of the Tower of Jewels.

A marriage license was issued to a Japanese and a Mexican Indian woman at Santa Ana last week.

Sacramento has established a school for foreigners. Two hundred and fifty-one persons are enrolled.

Six fishermen on San Nicholas and San Clemente Islands have been missing since early in January.

The carcasses of twenty deer have been found near Georgetown, apparently killed by mountain lions.

Forty-eight deaths are reported for the month of December at the Old Soldiers' Home at Santa Ana.

There have been a number of cases of house breaking at San Pedro lately and jewelry and money taken.

According to figures compiled by the Chamber of Commerce there are 247,802 patrons of Los Angeles savings banks.

The recent census at Lodi shows a population of 3,516, which is sufficient to allow the city a freeholders charter.

The damage to the Lake Hemet Water Company as the result of the floods of the past two weeks will be more than \$75,000.

At a meeting of the Sonoma County Board of Supervisors boundaries were adopted for the Wilfred-Bellevue drainage district.

The G. A. R. Veterans declare the Hope-ranch park near Santa Barbara to be an ideal location for the proposed naval academy.

The dredger Gerber has been leased by the district around Meridian to do work on the levee at Kent Bend where the bank has caved.

The rabies war in Modoc and Lassen Counties during the last month has been conducted under great difficulties, owing to the heavy snow fall.

Fred Kerlin Bishop, a motorman of Palo Alto, filed a petition in bankruptcy recently. His principal asset is two dozen rabbits. He owes \$1,008.

The National Forest Service in California has arranged to make an exhibit at the National Orange Show at San Bernardino this month.

Steamship schedules have been upset by the heavy freight and passenger traffic to San Diego due to the washouts on the Santa Fe railroad.

Indecision over a suitable site for a life-saving station at Bolinas has held up an appropriation of \$12,000 for that purpose for more than a year.

Three men were arrested in Marin County a few days ago for killing female deer. They were taken to jail and placed under \$500 bonds each.

Oliver Hall, convicted of murder in the second degree, for the killing of Robert A. Linebaugh has been sentenced to fifteen years in San Quentin.

Robere L. Allen, a prisoner in the Yuba County Jail, has received information that he has fallen heir to \$5000 through the death of an uncle.

A movement is on foot at Marysville to establish a club room for boys from

16 to 21 years of age, where they can spend their evenings in good company.

The State Horticulturist's office is soon to make a big ladybug drive in the Feather river canyon and moving pictures will likely be taken of the work.

With Adjutant General C. W. Thomas in attendance, Company 1, N. G. C., unattached, was mustered in at Red Bluff with a total membership of sixty-nine.

State control of orange marketing is being worked out by Harris Weinstein, director of the State Market Commission, with H. C. Carr of Porterville.

Beginning March 1, Henry P. Bowie, millionaire artist and clubman "must" accept a salary of \$25 a month for acting as town recorder or judge of Hillsborough.

C. M. Jameson, a prominent citizen of Los Banos, has filed suit against Ernest K. Tully, also of that town, for \$25,000 for alienation of his wife's affections.

Because of the rains the track teams of the Redlands High School and Pomona College have been unable to work out for the coming meet to be held at Redlands.

Traffic between Los Angeles and San Diego on the Santa Fe lines has been temporarily abandoned on account of the damage caused by washouts during the floods.

The Stanford rowing shell will be left on the Hudson the rest of the winter and used again by the Stanford oarsmen when they go East for the boating classics this spring.

At a meeting in Meridian of the Trustees of Reclamation District No. 70, a larger delegation of farmers won a fight for representation by two Trustees instead of one as at present.

Miss Lola Dunning, sister of H. H. Dunning, president of the Marysville Chamber of Commerce has announced she will be in the race March 20th for the office of City Clerk and Assessor of Marysville.

Lindsay faces a number of damage suits by property owners who allege that injury was done to their holdings during the heavy rains because of the defective system of taking care of the storm water.

The steamer Roanoke of the North Pacific Steamship Company, which operates between San Diego and Portland, made a special trip from Los Angeles to San Diego to carry 2000 tons of food-stuffs to the latter city.

According to data prepared by State Sanitary Engineer E. T. Ross and submitted to the State Board of Health, 216 head of cattle have died or been killed as a result of rabies in Modoc and Lassen Counties since December 1, 1915.

Directors of the Marin Municipal Water district have petitioned the Supreme Court to compel Auditor William Dolge to countersign \$3,000,000 of water bonds voted by the electors of the district. This proceeding is understood to be a test case.

A great deal of the flume line of the Lake Hemet Water Company in the mountains has been washed entirely away and that which remains is damaged greatly. Water is being pumped into the mains from the San Jacinto river at the present time.

Headed by the coroner, the entire town of Wasco is searching for the dead body of a man to which belongs a hand now in the possession of the coroner. A dog made the gruesome find and brought the partially decomposed hand into his master's shop.

The State banking department announced recently that \$119,293.93 had accumulated in the last twenty years in unclaimed deposits in California State and National banks. Under the law the money will revert to the State. The accounts range from 1 cent to \$12,252.52.

By a deed filed for record at Redding the Kenneth Water Company has transferred several mining claims adjoining the Mammoth Mine to the United States Smelting, Mining and Refining Company, parent corporation of the Mammoth Copper Company, the consideration being \$75,000.

Impressive funeral services were held in San Diego at St. Joseph's Catholic Church for four of the flood victims. The dead were employees at the Daneri Winery which was completely swept away by the Otay flood and were carried down the Valley while eating supper and were drowned.

Suit for \$15,000 damages was filed in the Superior Court of Los Angeles on behalf of Nellie Margelin, a 13-year-old schoolgirl, who alleges the bite of a coyote belonging to Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Homer destroyed the natural beauty of her arms and lessened her chances of marrying when she grows older.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The county board of supervisors met in regular session last Monday in Redwood City.

The board decided it was unable to appropriate money to the tourist association of central California, owing to its lack in the general fund, although the members of the board, on roll call, voted to go on record to make provision in the next tax levy for the appropriation covering San Mateo county's share of the cost of the work for the year 1916.

The following reports of county officers were accepted and filed:

County Treasurer Chamberlain—To balance in treasury as per last report, \$417,449.28. Receipts, \$130,559.52. Total, \$548,008.80. For warrants paid, \$100,538.17. Balance cash on hand January 31, 1916, \$447,470.63.

License Collector McSweeney—Total receipts, \$858.00.

Tax Collector McSweeney—Total receipts, \$2270.83.

Recorder Barg—Total receipts, \$780.10.

Clerk Nash—Fees, \$306.25; law library fund tax, \$58. Total, \$364.25.

Sheriff Sheehan—Collected during the month of January, 1916, \$56.31 fees due the county, and have paid the same to the county treasurer.

Prisoners boarded at county jail during month of January, 58; whole number of days, 473½; amount due for board of prisoners, \$236.75.

Health Officer Beattie—Health of the county is good. Have attended to several nuisances. Have issued 808 burial permits. Have received for the same \$808, all of which has been deposited with the treasurer, as per auditor's receipt attached.

County Surveyor Neuman submitted a report showing the payment to the county of \$1513.94 by the San Francisco electric railways for their portion of pavement on the San Bruno road, as per agreement.

An order was received from Judge Buck of the superior court, directing that 100 citizens from the several townships be selected to serve as trial jurors for the year.

For county assessor, to fill the unexpired term of the late C. D. Hayward, a secret ballot was taken, with the following result: Daniel P. Flynn, 3 votes; H. C. Tuchsén, 2 votes. The former was officially declared elected.

The matter of installing a safety signal device at the railroad crossing on Mission road leading to Holy Cross cemetery, which, according to a recent decision of the state railroad commission the county must make provision for, was referred to the county surveyor.

A communication was received from the trustees of the city of San Bruno, in which they expressed their willingness to maintain all the lights in the former San Bruno Park lighting district, both inside and outside the city limits, providing that the taxes levied and collected for the purpose of maintaining said lighting system be paid to the treasurer of San Bruno.

It was ordered that the county auditor be authorized to transfer all the funds of the above district to the city of San Bruno, in consideration that the city keep up for the year all the lights of the lighting district.

The county surveyor was instructed to prepare plans and specifications for the construction of a temporary bridge across Montara creek, where the fill had been washed out by the recent heavy storms.

W. H. Toepke of San Mateo was appointed as architect for the contemplated new county jail.

Supervisor MacBain addressed the board in reference to that part of the report just rendered by the late grand jury, wherein several supervisors were criticised for spending money beyond their appropriations. Supervisor MacBain stated that in interviewing several members of the recent grand jury they had informed him that there was a mistake in the report and that the criticism was directed at a former board of supervisors and not at the present board.

District Attorney Swart, who was present, stated that he had taken the matter up with Daniel P. Flynn, who was the foreman of the grand jury, and the latter had explained that the

word "former" had been inadvertently omitted from that part of the report referring to the supervisors and that no reflection was intended for any member of the present board.

GRAND JURY FILES REPORT AND IS DISCHARGED

Members Commended by the Court for Economy and Dispatch.

Late Friday afternoon of last week the grand jury that was organized last November made its report and was discharged by Judge Buck. The court stated to the jurors that it was the most economical in the transaction of its business in the history of the county, gave less trouble to the court and finished its business in a commendable manner. He thanked the members for their consideration and care in handling the different matters that came before them. The report proper of the grand jury was very brief, only containing two pages of foolscap. The jury recommended that temporary repairs be made at the county jail and that work on the new structure begin as soon as possible. It was recommended that a septic tank be put in at the poor farm. The report criticises the action of some former members of the board of supervisors in doing work in excess of their apportionment of money. The expert's report is a voluminous document containing several hundred typewritten pages. All the county officers are given a clean bill of health.

McPHERSON WILL NOT OPPOSE NASH FOR STATE SENATOR

The Santa Cruz Evening News is authority for a statement in an item, recently published and subsequently copied by the Santa Cruz Sentinel, that Harold E. McPherson, the present assemblyman from that county, will not be a candidate for state senator, but will run for the assembly to succeed himself. The Sentinel is published by Duncan McPherson and his son is the present assemblyman, and the publication by them in their paper must be taken as an indication that young McPherson is for the present content to represent his county in the lower house of the state legislature.

As McPherson is a close friend of Jos. H. Nash, the present county clerk of this county, it is safe to predict that Joe will have a clear field for state senator in this district, which includes San Mateo, Santa Cruz and San Benito counties.

San Mateo county is entitled to the senatorship at this time, and no stronger man can be found in the whole district than Joe Nash. His nomination is now assured and his election is a foregone conclusion.

It has been stated that Joseph Gordon of San Mateo will make the run in this county for assemblyman to succeed Henry Ward Brown.—Redwood City Democrat.

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TOURIST ASSOCIATION HAS ESTABLISHED HEADQUARTERS IN LOS ANGELES

Central California now has an established headquarters in Los Angeles, where tourists may get all sorts of information and literature on this section. The tourist association of central California, of which a dozen central counties, including San Francisco, are members, has opened a bureau at one of the most traversed corners of the southern metropolis, 604 Spring street, in the heart of the railroad, steamship and hotel district.

With a large window, carrying the invitation to tourists and travelers to step in and get information about the central counties of Alameda, Marin, Napa, San Francisco, Solano, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Monterey and San Benito, and with plenty of attractive maps, pictures and literature, this bureau will reach thousands of visitors in southern California and direct many of them to central California.

Final action on the opening of the bureau has been taken of the executive committee of the tourist association, at which ten counties were represented.

"We have had a representative in Los Angeles for the past two months," said E. D. Moore, managing director of the tourist association. "John S. Ross has made a thorough study of the field and has learned a lot about the need of a bureau where visitors can get reliable and unbiased information about this section. He has found a very wide and keen desire for these, so we have arranged to provide them."

"With a window display on Spring street and an attendant prepared to answer all questions, central California is going to reach thousands who know little or nothing about the central counties in our association. We shall be ready for the work immediately at 604 Spring street."

Louis H. Mooser of the San Francisco real estate board and Joseph E. Caine of the Oakland chamber of commerce were elected members of the executive committee of the tourist association.

Arrangements were completed for the annual meeting and dinner, which will be held on February 19th, at the Hotel Oakland, Oakland. More than 200 acceptances have come from all over central California.

Music and Madness.

Handel and Mozart each died insane, while both Donizetti and Schumann composed much of their very best work while actually inmates of lunatic asylums.

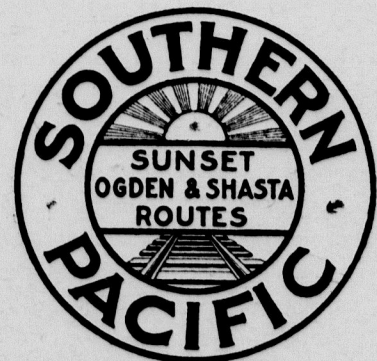
Scorching.

"Things were getting too warm for me in that section of the country."
"What was the reason?"
"I was burning up too many of the roads."

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